



# SHARP

## EL-510RT

### CALCULATION EXAMPLES EXEMPLES DE CALCUL

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#### [1]

$45+285\div 3=$	$(ON/C) 45 (+) 285 (\div) 3 (=)$	<b>140.</b>
$18+6=$	$( ) 18 (+) 6 ( ) (\div)$	
$15-8=$	$( ) 15 (-) 8 (=)$	<b>3.428571429</b>
$42 \times (-5) + 120 =$	$42 (\times) (-) 5 (+) 120 (=)$	<b>-90.</b>
$(5 \times 10^3) \div (4 \times 10^{-3}) =$	$5 (Exp) 3 (\div) 4 (Exp) (-) 3 (=)$	<b>1'250'000.</b>
$34+57=$	$34 (+) 57 (=)$	<b>91.</b>
$45+57=$	$45 (=)$	<b>102.</b>
$68 \times 25 =$	$68 (\times) 25 (=)$	<b>1'700.</b>
$68 \times 40 =$	$40 (=)$	<b>2'720.</b>

#### [2]

$\sin 60[^\circ] =$	$(ON/C) (\sin) 60 (=)$	<b>0.866025403</b>
$\cos \frac{\pi}{4} [\text{rad}] =$	$(DRG) (\cos) ( ) (\pi) (\div) 4 ( ) (=)$	<b>0.707106781</b>
$\tan^{-1} 1 = [g]$	$(DRG) (2ndF) (\tan^{-1}) 1 (=)$ $(DRG)$	<b>50.</b>
$(\cosh 1.5 + \sinh 1.5)^2 =$	$(ON/C) ( ) (\text{hyp}) (\cos) 1.5 (+) (\text{hyp}) (\sin) 1.5 ( ) (2ndF) (x^2) (=)$	<b>20.08553692</b>
$\tanh^{-1} \frac{5}{7} =$	$(2ndF) (\text{arc hyp}) (\tan) ( ) 5 (\div) 7 ( ) (=)$	<b>0.895879734</b>
$\ln 20 =$	$(2ndF) (\ln) 20 (=)$	<b>2.995732274</b>
$\log 50 =$	$(2ndF) (\log) 50 (=)$	<b>1.698970004</b>
$e^3 =$	$(2ndF) (e^x) 3 (=)$	<b>20.08553692</b>
$10^{1.7} =$	$(2ndF) (10^x) 1.7 (=)$	<b>50.11872336</b>
$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{7} =$	$6 (2ndF) (x^{-1}) (+) 7 (2ndF) (x^{-1}) (=)$	<b>0.309523809</b>
$8^{-2} - 3^4 \times 5^2 =$	$8 (y^x) (-) 2 (-) 3 (y^x) 4 (\times) 5 (2ndF) (x^2) (=)$	<b>-2'024.984375</b>
$(123)^{\frac{1}{4}} =$	$12 (y^x) 3 (y^x) 4 (2ndF) (x^{-1}) (=)$	<b>6.447419591</b>
$8^3 =$	$8 (2ndF) (x^3) (=)$	<b>512.</b>
$\sqrt{49} - 4\sqrt{81} =$	$(2ndF) (\sqrt{ }) 49 (-) 4 (2ndF) (\sqrt[4]{ }) 81 (=)$	<b>4.</b>
$\sqrt[3]{27} =$	$(2ndF) (\sqrt[3]{ }) 27 (=)$	<b>3.</b>
$4! =$	$4 (2ndF) (n!) (=)$	<b>24.</b>
$10^P 3 =$	$10 (2ndF) (nP_r) 3 (=)$	<b>720.</b>
$5C_2 =$	$5 (2ndF) (nCr) 2 (=)$	<b>10.</b>
$500 \times 25\% =$	$500 (\times) 25 (2ndF) (\%) (=)$	<b>125.</b>
$120 \div 400 = ?\%$	$120 (\div) 400 (2ndF) (\%) (=)$	<b>30.</b>
$500 + (500 \times 25\%) =$	$500 (+) 25 (2ndF) (\%) (=)$	<b>625.</b>
$400 - (400 \times 30\%) =$	$400 (-) 30 (2ndF) (\%) (=)$	<b>280.</b>

	$\theta = \sin^{-1} x, \theta = \tan^{-1} x$	$\theta = \cos^{-1} x$
DEG	$-90 \leq \theta \leq 90$	$0 \leq \theta \leq 180$
RAD	$-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$	$0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$
GRAD	$-100 \leq \theta \leq 100$	$0 \leq \theta \leq 200$

#### [3]

$90^\circ \rightarrow [\text{rad}]$	$(ON/C) 90 (2ndF) (DRG) \rightarrow [g]$	<b>1.570796327</b>
$\rightarrow [g]$	$(2ndF) (DRG) \rightarrow [^\circ]$	<b>100.</b>
$\rightarrow [^\circ]$	$(2ndF) (DRG)$	<b>90.</b>
$\sin^{-1} 0.8 = [^\circ]$	$(2ndF) (\sin^{-1}) 0.8 (=)$	<b>53.13010235</b>
$\rightarrow [\text{rad}]$	$(2ndF) (DRG)$	<b>0.927295218</b>
$\rightarrow [g]$	$(2ndF) (DRG)$	<b>59.03344706</b>
$\rightarrow [^\circ]$	$(2ndF) (DRG)$	<b>53.13010235</b>

#### [4]

	$(ON/C) 8 (\times) 2 (STO) (M)$	<b>16.</b>
$24 \div (8 \times 2) =$	$24 (\div) (RCL) (M) (=)$	<b>1.5</b>
$(8 \times 2) \times 5 =$	$(RCL) (M) (\times) 5 (=)$	<b>80.</b>
	$(ON/C) (STO) (M)$	<b>0.</b>
$\$150 \times 3 = M1$	$150 (\times) 3 (M+)$	<b>450.</b>
$+) \$250 = M2 = M1 + 250$	$250 (M+)$	<b>250.</b>
$-) M2 \times 5\% = \text{Discount}$	$(RCL) (M) (\times) 5 (2ndF) (\%)$	<b>35.</b>
<b>Total = M</b>	$(2ndF) (M-) (RCL) (M)$	<b>665.</b>
$\$1 = \text{¥}110$	$110 (STO) (Y)$	<b>110.</b>
$\text{¥}26,510 = \$?$	$26510 (\div) (RCL) (Y) (=)$	<b>241.</b>
$\$2,750 = \text{¥}?$	$2750 (\times) (RCL) (Y) (=)$	<b>302'500.</b>
$r = 3\text{cm}$	$3 (STO) (r)$	<b>3.</b>
$\pi r^2 = ?$	$(\pi) (2ndF) (\text{ALPHA}) (r) (2ndF) (x^2) (=)$	<b>28.27433388</b>
$\frac{24}{4+6} = 2.4 \dots (A)$	$24 (\div) ( ) 4 (+) 6 ( ) (=)$	<b>2.4</b>
$3 \times (A) + 60 \div (A) =$	$3 (\times) (ANS) (+) 60 (\div) (ANS) (=)$	<b>32.2</b>

#### [5]

$6+4 = \text{ANS}$	$(ON/C) 6 (+) 4 (=)$	<b>10.</b>
$\text{ANS} + 5$	$(+) 5 (=)$	<b>15.</b>
$44+37 = \text{ANS}$	$44 (+) 37 (=)$	<b>81.</b>
$\sqrt{\text{ANS}} =$	$(2ndF) (\sqrt{ }) (=)$	<b>9.</b>

#### [6]

$3\frac{1}{2} + \frac{4}{3} = [a \frac{b}{c}]$	$(ON/C) 3 (ab/c) 1 (ab/c) 2 (+) 4 (ab/c) 3 (=)$	<b>4 r 5 r 6 *</b>
$\rightarrow [a.xxx]$	$(ab/c)$	<b>4.833333333</b>
$\rightarrow [d/c]$	$(2ndF) (d/c)$	<b>29 r 6</b>
$10^{\frac{2}{3}} =$	$(2ndF) (10^x) 2 (ab/c) 3 (=)$	<b>4.641588834</b>
$(\frac{2}{3})^{-1} =$	$2 (ab/c) 3 (2ndF) (x^{-1}) (=)$	<b>1 r 1 r 2</b>
$\sqrt{\frac{4}{9}} =$	$(2ndF) (\sqrt{ }) 4 (ab/c) 9 (=)$	<b>2 r 3</b>
$\frac{2+3}{7} =$	$( ) 2 (+) 3 ( ) (ab/c) 7 (=)$	<b>5 r 7</b>
$1.25 + \frac{2}{5} = [a.xxx]$	$1.25 (+) 2 (ab/c) 5 (=)$	<b>1.65</b>
$\rightarrow [a \frac{b}{c}]$	$(ab/c)$	<b>1 r 13 r 20</b>
		<b>* 4 r 5 r 6 = 4\frac{5}{6}</b>

#### [7]

$12^\circ 39' 18.05''$	$(ON/C) 12 (D'M'S) 39 (D'M'S) 18.05 (D'M'S)$	
$\rightarrow [10]$	$(2ndF) (\leftrightarrow \text{DEG})$	<b>12.65501389</b>
$123.678 \rightarrow [60]$	$123.678 (2ndF) (\leftrightarrow \text{DEG})$	<b>123°40'40.8''</b>
$3\text{h}30\text{m}45\text{s} +$	$3 (D'M'S) 30 (D'M'S) 45 (D'M'S) (+) 6 (D'M'S)$	
$6\text{h}45\text{m}36\text{s} = [60]$	$45 (D'M'S) 36 (D'M'S) (=)$	<b>10°16'21.1''</b>
$3\text{h}45\text{m} -$	$3 (D'M'S) 45 (D'M'S) (-) 1.69 (=)$	
$1.69\text{h} = [60]$	$(2ndF) (\leftrightarrow \text{DEG})$	<b>2°3'36.1''</b>
$\sin 62^\circ 12' 24'' = [10]$	$(\sin) 62 (D'M'S) 12 (D'M'S) 24 (D'M'S) (=)$	<b>0.884635235</b>

#### [8]

$(x = 6 \rightarrow (r =$	$(ON/C) 6 (2ndF) (\rightarrow) 4$	<b>r 7.211102551</b>
$y = 4 \rightarrow (\theta = [^\circ])$	$(2ndF) (\rightarrow \theta)$	<b>\theta 33.69006753</b>
	$(2ndF) (\leftrightarrow)$	<b>r 7.211102551</b>
	$(2ndF) (\leftrightarrow)$	
$(r = 14$	$14 (2ndF) (\rightarrow) 36$	<b>x 11.32623792</b>
$\theta = 36[^\circ] \rightarrow (x =$	$(2ndF) (\rightarrow xy)$	<b>y 8.228993532</b>
	$(2ndF) (\leftrightarrow)$	<b>x 11.32623792</b>
	$(2ndF) (\leftrightarrow)$	

[9]

DATA		
95	[2ndF] [MODE] [1]	<b>0.</b>
80	95 [DATA]	<b>n= 1.</b>
80	80 [DATA]	<b>n= 2.</b>
75	[DATA]	<b>n= 3.</b>
75	75 [FRQ(.)] 3 [DATA]	<b>n= 6.</b>
75	50 [DATA]	<b>n= 7.</b>
50		
$\bar{x}$ =	[RCL] [ $\bar{x}$ ]	<b>75.71428571</b>
$\sigma x$ =	[RCL] [ $\sigma x$ ]	<b>12.37179148</b>
$\Sigma x$ =	[RCL] [ $\Sigma x$ ]	<b>530.</b>
$\Sigma x^2$ =	[RCL] [ $\Sigma x^2$ ]	<b>41'200.</b>
$sx$ =	[RCL] [ $sx$ ]	<b>13.3630621</b>
$sx^2$ =	[2ndF] [ $x^2$ ] [=]	<b>178.5714286</b>

[10]

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\Sigma x}{n}$$

$$sx = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma x^2 - n\bar{x}^2}{n-1}}$$

$$\sigma x = \sqrt{\frac{\Sigma x^2 - n\bar{x}^2}{n}}$$

$$\Sigma x = x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n$$

$$\Sigma x^2 = x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \dots + x_n^2$$

[11]

Function Fonction	Dynamic range Plage dynamique
$\sin x, \cos x,$ $\tan x$	DEG: $ x  < 10^{10}$ ( $\tan x :  x  \neq 90 (2n-1)^*$ ) RAD: $ x  < \frac{\pi}{180} \times 10^{10}$ ( $\tan x :  x  \neq \frac{\pi}{2} (2n-1)^*$ ) GRAD: $ x  < \frac{10}{9} \times 10^{10}$ ( $\tan x :  x  \neq 100 (2n-1)^*$ )
$\sin^{-1}x, \cos^{-1}x$	$ x  \leq 1$
$\tan^{-1}x, \sqrt[3]{x}$	$ x  < 10^{100}$
$\ln x, \log x$	$10^{-99} \leq x < 10^{100}$
$y^x$	• $y > 0: -10^{100} < x \log y < 100$ • $y = 0: 0 < x < 10^{100}$ • $y < 0:$ $x = n (0 <  x  < 1: \frac{1}{x} = 2n-1, x \neq 0)^*$ , $-10^{100} < x \log  y  < 100$
$x\sqrt{y}$	• $y > 0: -10^{100} < \frac{1}{x} \log y < 100 (x \neq 0)$ • $y = 0: 0 < x < 10^{100}$ • $y < 0: x = 2n-1$ ( $0 <  x  < 1: \frac{1}{x} = n, x \neq 0)^*$ , $-10^{100} < \frac{1}{x} \log  y  < 100$
$e^x$	$-10^{100} < x \leq 230.2585092$
$10^x$	$-10^{100} < x < 100$
$\sinh x, \cosh x,$ $\tanh x$	$ x  \leq 230.2585092$
$\sinh^{-1} x$	$ x  < 10^{50}$
$\cosh^{-1} x$	$1 \leq x < 10^{50}$
$\tanh^{-1} x$	$ x  < 1$
$x^2$	$ x  < 10^{50}$
$x^3$	$ x  < 2.15443469 \times 10^{33}$
$\sqrt{x}$	$0 \leq x < 10^{100}$
$x^{-1}$	$ x  < 10^{100} (x \neq 0)$
$n!$	$0 \leq n \leq 69^*$
$nPr$	$0 \leq r \leq n \leq 9999999999^*$ $\frac{n!}{(n-r)!} < 10^{100}$
$nCr$	$0 \leq r \leq n \leq 9999999999^*$ $0 \leq r \leq 69$ $\frac{n!}{(n-r)!} < 10^{100}$
$\leftrightarrow \text{DEG, D}^\circ\text{M}'\text{S}$	$0^\circ 0' 0.00001'' \leq  x  < 10000^\circ$
$x, y \rightarrow r, \theta$	$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} < 10^{100}$

$r, \theta \rightarrow x, y$	$0 \leq r < 10^{100}$ DEG: $ \theta  < 10^{10}$ RAD: $ \theta  < \frac{\pi}{180} \times 10^{10}$ GRAD: $ \theta  < \frac{10}{9} \times 10^{10}$
DRG ▶	DEG→RAD, GRAD→DEG: $ x  < 10^{100}$ RAD→GRAD: $ x  < \frac{\pi}{2} \times 10^{98}$
$n\text{GCD}_n, n\text{LCM}_n$	$0 < n < 10^{10}^*$

\* (n, r: integer / entier)

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